

# PolyStain DS Kit - for Mouse and Rat antibody on Human tissue

For colocalization (BCIP/AEC)

NB-23-00121-3(120 ml)

NB-23-00121- 2(36 ml)

NB-23-00121- 1(12 ml)



## PolyStain DS Kit - for Mouse and Rat antibody on Human tissue For colocalization (BCIP/AEC)

NB-23-00121-1; NB-23-00121-2; NB-23-00121-3

Storage: 2-8ºC

#### **INTENDED USE:**

The PolyStain DS Kit is designed for use with user supplied mouse and rat primary antibodies to detect two distinct antigens on human tissue or cell samples. The advantage of the C kit series is that it will allow you to visualize when two proteins are co localized by producing a third color blue purple. This kit has been tested on paraffin embedded tissue. However, this kit can be used to stain frozen specimen and/or freshly prepared monolayer cell smears. Double staining is a common method used in immunohistostaining that allows detection of two distinct antigens in a single tissue. PolyStain DS Kit from NeoBiotech labs supplies the user with two polymer enzyme conjugates: antiMouse IgG (minimal cross reaction to rat) HRP polymer and anti-rat IgG (minimal cross reaction to mouse) AP polymer with two distinct substrates/chromogens, Permanent Red and Emerald. Permanent Red reacts with anti-Rat AP polymer conjugate to produce the red color. Emerald chromogen reacts with anti-Mouse HRP polymer conjugate to produce the green color. When two proteins are co-expressed in the same location, the area of co-localization shows blue color if more Emerald is present and purple blue if more Permanent Red is present. A Primer step is used to increase specificity of antibody staining. PolyStain DS Kit is a non-biotin system that avoids the extra steps involved in blocking non-specific binding due to endogenous biotin.

#### **KIT COMPONENTS:**

Component No.	Content	6mL Kit	36mL Kit	120mL Kit
Reagent 1	Rat Primer (RTU)	12mL	18mL x 2	120mL
Reagent 2	Rat AP Polymer (RTU)	6mL	18mL	60mL
Reagent 3	Mouse HRP Polymer (RTU)	6mL	18mL	60mL
Reagent 4A	Permanent Red Substrate (RTU)	15mL	18mL x 2	120mL
Reagent 4B	Permanent Red Activator (5x)	3mL	7.2mL	12mL x 2
Reagent 4C	Permanent Red Chromogen (100x)	150µl	360 μ1	1.2mL
Reagent 5	Emerald Chromogen(RTU)	15mL	18mL x 2	120mL
Reagent 6	U-Mount (RTU)	3mL	9mL	NA



#### **RECOMMENDED PROTOCOL:**

- 1. Fixation: To ensure the quality of the staining and obtain reproducible performance, user needs to supply appropriately fixed tissue and well prepared slides.
- 2. Tissue needs to be adhered to the slide tightly to avoid tissue falling off.
- 3. Paraffin embedded section must be deparaffinized with xylene and rehydrated with a graded series of ethanol before staining.
- 4. Cell smear samples should be prepared as close to a monolayer as possible to obtain satisfactory results.
- 5. Three control slides are recommended for interpretation of results: positive, reagent (slides treated with Isotype control reagent), and negative control.
- 6. Proceed with IHC staining: **DO NOT** let specimen or tissue dry from this point on.
- 7. Permanent Red reaction removes the Emerald chromogen. Always do the Permanent Red reaction first then Emerald.

Reagent	Staining Procedure	Incubation Time (Min.)
1. Peroxidase and	a. Incubate slides in peroxidase and alkaline phosphatase blocking	10 - 20
alkaline phosphatase	reagent (NeoPure Dual Enzyme Block NB-23-00193 was	min.
Blocking	Recommended) for 10 minutes.	
Supplied by user	b. Rinse the slide using distilled water at least twice.	
2. HIER	a. Heat Induced Epitope Retrieval (HIER) may be required for primary	1 hour
<b>Pretreatment:</b>	antibody suggested by vendor.	
Refer to antibody data	b. Wash with PBS for 2 min, 3 times	
sheet.		
3. Primary Antibody	Notes: Investigator needs to optimize primary antibody titer and	30-60 min
Mix: one Mouse and	incubation time prior to double staining as both Permanent Red and	
one Rat primary	Emerald Chromogen are very strong.	
antibody	a. Apply 2 drops or enough volume of Mouse and Rat primary antibody	
Supplied by user	mixture to cover the tissue completely. Incubate in moist chamber for 30-60 min. Recommend 30min to shorten total protocol time.  b. Wash with PBS/0.05% Tween20 for 2 minutes, 3 times.	
<b>4. Reagents 1:</b> Rat Primer (RTU)	<ul> <li>a. Apply 2 drops or enough volume of <b>Reagent 1</b> Rat Primer to cover the tissue completely. Incubate in moist chamber for 10 min.</li> <li>b. Wash with PBS/0.05% Tween20 for 2 minutes, 3 times</li> </ul>	10 min.



5. Reagents 2 & 3:	<b>Note</b> : Make sufficient polymer mixture by adding <b>Reagent 2</b> (Rat AP	30 min
3. Reagents 2 & 3.	Polymer) and <b>Reagent 3</b> (Mouse HRP Polymer) at 1:1 ratio, mix well.	30 mm
Reagent 2: Rat AP	a. Apply 1 to 2 drops (50-100µL) of the mixture to cover each section.	
Polymer(RTU)	b. Incubate in moist chamber for 30 min.	
Reagent 3: Mouse HRP	c. Wash with PBS/ 0.05% Tween20 for 2 min, 3 times.	
Polymer(RTU)	d. Rinse with distilled water.	
Torymer(ICTO)	Make enough mixture for the experiment. Do not make extra	
	volume as mixture is not stable for long term storage.	
6. Reagent 4A, 4B, 4C	a. Add 200µL of <b>Reagent 4B</b> (Activator) into 1mL of <b>Reagent 4A</b>	10 min
,,,,,,,	(Substrate buffer) and mix well. Add 10µL of <b>Reagent 4C</b>	
Reagent 4A:	(Chromogen) into the mixture and mix well. [Note: For fewer slides,	
Permanent Red	Add 100μL of <b>Reagent 4B</b> (Activator) into 500μL of <b>Reagent 4A</b>	
Substrate (RTU)	(Substrate buffer) and mix well. Add 5μL of <b>Reagent 4C</b>	
,	(Chromogen) into the mixture and mix well. ]	
Reagent 4B:	b. Apply 2 drops (100μL) or enough volume of Permanent Red working	
Permanent Red	solution to completely cover the tissue. Incubate for 10 min, observe	
Activator (5x)	appropriate color development.	
` ,	c. Rinse well with distilled water.	
Reagent 4C:		
Permanent Red		
Chromogen (100x)		
7. Counterstain	Note: If two antigens are co-localized in nuclear you want less counter	5 seconds-
(Optional)	stain to optimize the visualization in the nucleus; however you can	
	counter stain using normal protocol time if antigens are co-localized in	
(Optional but must be	cytoplasm or membrane or the three antigens are localized in different	
done before Emerald	cells.	
<b>Chromogen step</b> )	a. Counterstain dip in diluted hematoxylin for 5 seconds for nuclear co-	
	localization or 30 seconds for cytoplasmic or membrane co-	
Not provided	localization. <b>DO NOT</b> over stain with hematoxylin.	
	b. Rinse thoroughly with tap water for 1 min.	
	c. Put slides in PBS for 5-10 seconds to blue, <b>DO NOT</b> over blue.	
	d. Rinse well in distilled or tap water for 1min.	
	e. Wash slides with PBS/ 0.05% Tween20 for 2 minutes, 3 times.	
8. Reagent 5	a. Apply 1 to 2 drops (50-100µL) of Reagent 5 (Emerald Chromogen)	5 min
Emerald Chromogen	to cover the tissue completely.	
(RTU)	b. Incubate in moist chamber for 5 minutes.	
	c. Wash slides in tap water for 1 minute.	
	d. Rinse with distilled water.	
	Important to READ: Emerald Chromogen is water soluble, do counter	
	stain first. Do not leave slides sitting in water. Always stain Emerald	
	chromogen <b>AFTER</b> Permanent Red stain because Permanent Red removes the Emerald and after hematoxylin.	



9.Dehydrate section	Note: Please wipe off extra water and air dry slides before dehydration	2 min.	
It is important to follow	and clear.		
the protocol.	a. Dehydrate with 85% ethanol 20seconds.		
	b. Dehydrate with 95% ethanol 20seconds.		
	c. Dehydrate with 100% ethanol 20seconds.		
	d. Dehydrate with 100% ethanol 20seconds.		
	e. Dehydrate with 100% ethanol 20seconds.		
	f. Dehydrate with xylene 20seconds.		
	CAUTION: DO NOT dehydrate with xylene longer than 20 seconds!		
	It will erase Permanent Red stain!		
10. Reagent 6 U-Mount (RTU)	a. Apply 1 to 2 drops (50-100µL) of <b>Reagent 6</b> (U-Mount) to cover the tissue section and apply glass coverslip.		
	b. Apply force to coverslip to squeeze out any extra mountant and		
	bubbles for optimal clarity. Removing excess also to prevent		
	leaching of Permanent Red stain.		



#### **TROUBLE SHOOT:**

PROBLEM	TIPS			
Uneven stain on 2 primary	1. Need to adjust the titer of each antibody.			
antibodies	2. The amount of each protein expressed on tissue may be different.			
	3. Set slides in water too long so that Emerald is washed away.			
	·			
	4. Set slides in Xylene too long so that Permanent Red is washed			
	away			
Emerald Chromogen is blue not	Emerald should be green when not co-localized with Permanent			
green when non co-localized with	Red. If Emerald chromogen is blue the titer on the primary antibody			
Permanent Red.	is not dilute enough for the protocol. Re-titer primary antibodies			
	individually first.			
No stain on 1 or 2 antibodies	Missing steps or step reversed.			
Green Background on the slide	Titer primary antibody.			
Permanent Red is leaching	1. Use fresh 100% ethanol and xylene.			
_	2. Slide sat too long in xylene. Do not go over 20seconds!			
Artifacts on slides	Slides not completely dried before mount. Use fresh 100% Ethanol			
	and xylene			

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

Please wear gloves and take other necessary precautions.

FOR RESEARCH USE



### Work Sheet for NB-23-00121 Kit

We designed these work sheets to help you track of each step. When staining fails these sheets help our technical support staff to pinpoint the problem. To insure that all steps are done properly, we recommend that the user fill in the actual time of their experimental step and any variation. Results will vary if time recommendations are not followed. RTU translates to ready to use.

- Used for tester to check "√" each step during the experiment
- Steps follow after de-paraffinization
- Refer to insert for details of each step

NB-23-00121 Protocol is suitable when both mouse and rat primary antibodies need or do not need pre-treatment step

Protocol Step	NB-23-00121 Protocol	Experiment 1 Date:	Experiment 2 Date:	Experiment 3 Date:	Experiment 4 Date:
Step 1	Peroxidase or Alkaline Phosphatase Block User supplied				
Step 2 Optional	HIER if needed User supplied (up to 60 min)				
Step 3	Mouse 1°Ab & Rat 1°Ab mix (30-60 min.))				
Step 4	Reagent 1 Rat Primer RTU (10min)				
Step 5	Reagent 2 & Reagent 3 Rat AP Polymer & Mouse HRP Polymer require mixing (30min) Rinse with distilled water.				
Step 6	Reagent 4A,Reagent 4B&Reagent 4C Permanent Red requires mixing (10min)				



Step 7	Counter stain (5 seconds) (Do not over counter stain) Hematoxylin User supply Wash with PBS/0.05% Tween20 for 2 min, 3 times.		
Step 8	Reagent 5 Emerald Chromogen RTU (5min)		
Step 9	It is important to follow the protocol to maintain stain! Dehydrate section 20seconds for each step		
Step 10	Reagent 6 U-Mount RTU Mount & coverslip		
Result	Stain pattern on controls are correct: Fill in Yes or NO		

Testing result: