

<b>Description:</b>	MOUSE ANTI HUMAN N-CADHERIN
<b>Specificity:</b>	N-CADHERIN
<b>Other names:</b>	CD325
<b>Format:</b>	Purified
<b>Product Type:</b>	Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Clone:</b>	13A9
<b>Isotype:</b>	IgG1
<b>Quantity:</b>	0.2 mg

## Product Details

### Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information.

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry			▪	
Immunohistology - Frozen	▪			
Immunohistology - Paraffin (1)	▪			
ELISA			▪	
Immunoprecipitation	▪			
Western Blotting	▪			1/100 - 1/1000
Immunofluorescence	▪			

Where this antibody has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the antibody for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

**(1) This product requires antigen retrieval using steam heat treatment prior to staining of paraffin sections. Sodium citrate buffer pH 6.0 is recommended for this purpose.**

<b>Target Species</b>	Human
<b>Species Cross Reactivity</b>	Reacts with: Rat <b>N.B.</b> Antibody reactivity and working conditions may vary between species. Cross reactivity is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information.

<b>Product Form</b>	Purified IgG - liquid
<b>Preparation</b>	Purified IgG prepared by affinity chromatography on Protein G from tissue culture supernatant
<b>Buffer Solution</b>	Phosphate buffered saline
<b>Preservative Stabilisers</b>	0.09% Sodium Azide (NaN <sub>3</sub> )
<b>Carrier Free</b>	Yes
<b>Approx. Protein Concentrations</b>	IgG concentration 1.0mg/ml
<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant MBP fusion protein containing the entire cytoplasmic domain of human N-cadherin.
<b>Synonyms</b>	CDHN, NCAD
<b>RRID</b>	AB_11152772

**Specificity** **Mouse anti Human N-cadherin antibody, clone 13A9** recognizes neural cadherin, otherwise known as CD325, a calcium dependent cell-cell adhesion glycoprotein, and member of the cadherin superfamily, which links to the actin cytoskeleton via catenins, and plays a role in cell-matrix adhesion, cell growth and differentiation, and the establishment of left-right asymmetry.

N-cadherin is expressed by neurons, endothelial cells, muscle cells, and stem cells, and is one of the primary cadherins recruited to the site of neuronal synapse formation. N-cadherin is directly involved in the differentiation of early hematopoietic progenitors, and is commonly expressed by cancer cells, playing a role in transendothelial migration and metastasis, through the up-regulation of the src kinase pathway, and subsequent failure of the intercellular connection between two adjacent endothelial cells.

Mouse anti Human N-cadherin antibody, clone 13A9 studies have demonstrated that expression levels of E-Cadherin and N-Cadherin have a role to play in the invasive properties of breast cancer. Decreased levels of E-cadherin and loss of E-cadherin-mediated adhesion, can result in the transition of a benign epithelial tumor to an invasive tumor, and increase invasiveness, whilst the expression of N-cadherin correlates with

motility, invasiveness and tumor metastasis, irrespective of the presence of E-cadherin ([Nieman et al. 1999](#)).

Mouse anti Human N-cadherin antibody, clone 13A9 has been shown to be specific for N-cadherin, and does not recognize E-cadherin, M-cadherin or P-cadherin ([Knudsen et al. 1995](#)). Immunohistological studies have shown that clone 13A9 can be used as a reliable marker for the differential diagnosis of pleural mesotheliomas and lung adenocarcinomas, when used in conjunction with E-cadherin ([Han et al. 1997](#)).

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**Western Blotting** NB-47-04799-200UG detects a band of approximately 135-140kDa in human HeLa cell lysates.

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**References**

1. Wahl, J.K. 3rd *et al.* (2003) N-cadherin-catenin complexes form prior to cleavage of the proregion and transport to the plasma membrane. [J Biol Chem. 278 \(19\): 17269-76.](#)
2. Knudsen, K.A. *et al.* (1995) Interaction of alpha-actinin with the cadherin/catenin cell-cell adhesion complex via alpha-catenin. [J Cell Biol. 130 \(1\): 67-77.](#)
3. Machell, N.H. *et al.* (2000) Developmental expression and distribution of N- and E-cadherin in the rat ovary. [Biol Reprod. 63 \(3\): 797-804.](#)
4. Han, A.C. *et al.* (1997) Differential expression of N-cadherin in pleural mesotheliomas and E-cadherin in lung adenocarcinomas in formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissues. [Hum Pathol. 28 \(6\): 641-5.](#)
5. Peralta Soler, A. *et al.* (1995) The differential expression of N-cadherin and E-cadherin distinguishes pleural mesotheliomas from lung adenocarcinomas. [Hum Pathol. 26 \(12\): 1363-9.](#)
6. Van Aken, E.H. *et al.* (2002) Structure and function of the N-cadherin/catenin complex in retinoblastoma. [Invest Ophthalmol Vis Sci. 43 \(3\): 595-602.](#)
7. Shintani, Y. *et al.* (2006) Phosphoinositide-3 kinase-Rac1-c-Jun NH2-terminal kinase signaling mediates collagen I-induced cell scattering and up-regulation of N-cadherin expression in mouse mammary epithelial cells. [Mol Biol Cell. 17: 2963-75.](#)
8. Sacco, P.A. *et al.* (1995) Identification of plakoglobin domains required for association with N-cadherin and alpha-catenin. [J Biol Chem. 270: 20201-6.](#)
9. Tian, G. *et al.* (2009) Clarin-1, encoded by the Usher Syndrome III causative gene, forms a membranous microdomain: possible role of clarin-1 in organizing the actin cytoskeleton. [J Biol Chem. 284: 18980-93.](#)
10. Theisen, C.S. *et al.* (2007) NHERF links the N-cadherin/catenin complex to the platelet-derived growth factor receptor to modulate the actin cytoskeleton and regulate cell motility. [Mol Biol Cell. 18: 1220-32.](#)
11. Nieman, M.T. *et al.* (1999) N-cadherin promotes motility in human breast cancer cells regardless of their E-cadherin expression. [J Cell Biol. 147 \(3\): 631-44.](#)
12. Islam, S. *et al.* (1996) Expression of N-cadherin by human squamous carcinoma cells induces a scattered fibroblastic phenotype with disrupted cell-cell adhesion. [J Cell Biol. 135 \(6 Pt 1\): 1643-54.](#)
13. Peralta Soler, A. *et al.* (1999) P-cadherin expression in breast carcinoma indicates poor survival. [Cancer. 86: 1263-72.](#)

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**Storage**

This product is shipped at ambient temperature. It is recommended to aliquot and store at -20°C on receipt. When thawed, aliquot the sample as needed. Keep aliquots at 2-8°C for short term use (up to 4 weeks) and store the remaining aliquots at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended.

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**Guarantee**      12 months from date of despatch

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**Regulatory**      For research purposes only

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